Foundations of Information Retrieval

**Exercise 1**

Exercise session: 05.11.2015  
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1. **Query optimization**

1. A document collection with 125,000 documents contains film reviews. Given is the following query:

   \[(\text{NOT horror}) \land (\text{film OR animation}) \land (\text{action OR comedy})\]

Specify the most efficient order of execution for this query that can be determined from the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>DF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>horror</td>
<td>75,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>film</td>
<td>62,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>animation</td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>action</td>
<td>41,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>comedy</td>
<td>40,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Is the order you proposed always optimal?

2. **Inverted index**

Given is the following document collection:

**D1:**  
*Ice Age 4 was released in 34 territories.*

**D2:**  
*Ice Age 4 (original Ice Age: Continental Drift) is a 2012 American computer-animated comedy film.*

Create an inverted index for this document collection. **Tokenization rules:** word wise, case-folding, ignore punctuation. **Stop list:** was, in, is, a. Include TF and DF values at a suitable position in the index.

Which search results can be obtained from this index for the following queries?

Q₁ = *Ice Age*  
Q₂ = *Tokyo Drift*